COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 COUNTYWIDE TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2018

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Board of Supervisors County of San Bernardino County of San Bernardino Special District CSA No. 70 Countywide

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 (CSA) Countywide, a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise CSA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the minimum audit requirements and reporting guidelines for California Special Districts required by the Office of the State Controller. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

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3880 Lemon St., Ste. 300 Riverside, CA 92501 P.O. Box 1529 Riverside, CA 92502-1529

Office: 951-241-7800 www.eadiepaynellp.com An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 Countywide as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

Other Matters

Prior-Year Comparative Information

Prior year data has been included with the basic financial statements for comparative purposes only.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedules of Pension Plan Contributions and Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 Countywide's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2019, on our consideration of the CSA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the CSA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CSA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eadie and Payne, LLP

January 18, 2019 Riverside, California

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

		For Comparative Purposes Only
	2018	2017
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 20,609,841	\$ 15,850,659
Due from other governments	1,123,894	1,188,383
Due from other funds	-	39,829
Accounts receivable	10,478	-
Loan receivable	400,000	250,000
Capital assets, net of		
accumulated depreciation	9,138,944	2,177,014
Total assets	31,283,157	19,505,885
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pensions	332,690	283,549
Liabilities:		
Current:		
Accounts payable	2,479,161	318,641
Salaries and benefits payable	436,810	422,031
Due to other CSAs	255,661	132,609
Due to other funds	-	39,829
Unearned revenue	3,873,626	2,592,685
Long-term:		
Net pension liability	674,414	574,641
Compensated absences payable	1,247,235	1,259,520
Total liabilities	8,966,907	5,339,956
Deferred inflows of resources:		
SB-90 tax revenue	68,567	-
Pensions	150,636	129,133
Total deferred inflows of resources	219,203	129,133
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	9,138,944	2,177,014
Unrestricted	13,290,793	12,143,331
Total net position	\$ 22,429,737	\$ 14,320,345
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COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		For Comparative Purposes Only
	2018	2017
	Governmental	Governmental
Expenses	Activities	Activities
General government:		
Salaries and benefits	\$ 1,840,301	\$ 1,701,186
Professional fees	1,020,502	1,236,272
Depreciation	402,717	365,429
Services and supplies	473,985	2,541,975
Total expenses - general government	3,737,505	5,844,862
Program revenues		
Charges for services	10,580,098	4,451,984
Operating grants and contributions	31,935	216
Total program revenues	10,612,033	4,452,200
Net program revenue (expense)	6,874,528	(1,392,662)
General revenues		
Investment earnings	97,396	61,850
Penalties	-	29
Gain on sale of capital assets	13,366	25,450
Other revenue	76,597	53,881
Total general revenues	187,359	141,210
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers in from County	1,618,038	929,219
Transfers in/(out) other CSAs	(570,533)	(111,064)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,047,505	818,155
Change in net position	8,109,392	(433,297)
Net position at beginning of year	14,320,345	14,753,642
Net position at end of year	\$ 22,429,737	\$ 14,320,345

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	2018						
	Special Re	Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds					
			Term	Augmentation	Lake Gregory	Other	
	General		Benefit	Reserve	Dam Rehab	Governmental	
	(1378)		(1384)	(1386)	(3604)	Funds	Totals
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 6,419,609	\$	2,570,721	\$ 3,808,618	\$ 6,457,448	\$ 1,353,445	\$ 20,609,841
Receivables:							
Accounts	10,478		-	-	-	-	10,478
Loan	150,000		-	-	-	250,000	400,000
Due from regional parks	743,972		-	-	-		743,972
Due from other CSAs	379,922		-				379,922
Total assets	\$ 7,703,981	\$	2,570,721	\$ 3,808,618	\$ 6,457,448	\$ 1,603,445	\$ 22,144,213
Liabilities							
	\$ 331.674	\$		\$ -	¢ 2,002,077	¢ 54.500	¢ 2,470,171
Accounts payable	+	Ф	-	5 -	\$ 2,092,967	\$ 54,520	\$ 2,479,161
Salaries and benefits payable	436,810		-	-	-	-	436,810
Due to other funds	-		-	-	-	-	-
Due to other CSAs	209,203		-	-	43,814	2,644	255,661
Unearned revenue	1,090,260		-		2,783,366	-	3,873,626
Total liabilities	2,067,947		-		4,920,147	57,164	7,045,258
Deferred inflows of resources SB-90 tax revenue	: 68,567						68,567
Total deferred in flows	08,307						08,507
of resources	68,567		_	_	_	-	68,567
Fund balances							00,007
Assigned	5,567,467		2,570,721	3,808,618	1,537,301	1,546,281	15,030,388
<i>i</i> signed	5,507,107		2,070,721		1,007,001	1,010,201	10,000,000
Total fund balances	5,567,467		2,570,721	3,808,618	1,537,301	1,546,281	15,030,388
Total liabilities and							
fund balances	\$ 7,703,981	\$	2,570,721	\$ 3,808,618	\$ 6,457,448	\$ 1,603,445	\$ 22,144,213

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Balance Sheet (continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	For Comparative Purposes Only 2017					
	Special Rev	enue Funds	Capital Pro	jects Funds	_	
		Term	Augmentation		Other	
	General	Benefit	Reserve	Warehouse	Governmental	
	(1378)	(1384)	(1386)	(3604)	Funds	Totals
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 4,642,949	\$ 2,551,456	\$ 4,346,868	\$ 3,528,152	781,234	\$ 15,850,659
Receivables:						
Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan	-	-	-	-	250,000	250,000
Due from other funds	39,829	-	-	-	-	39,829
Due from other governments	1,188,100				283	1,188,383
Total assets	\$ 5,870,878	\$ 2,551,456	\$ 4,346,868	\$ 3,528,152	\$ 1,031,517	<u>\$17,328,871</u>
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 32,127	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 286,514	\$ -	\$ 318,641
Salaries and benefits payable	422,031	-	-	-	-	422,031
Due to other funds	-	-	-	39,829	-	39,829
Due to other governments	106,701	-	-	25,908	-	132,609
Unearned revenue	671,881		-	1,920,804		2,592,685
Total liabilities	1,232,740			2,273,055		3,505,795
SB-90 tax revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred in flows						
of resources						
Fund balances (deficits):						
Assigned	4,638,138	2,551,456	4,346,868	1,255,097	1,031,517	13,823,076
Total fund balances Total liabilities and	4,638,138	2,551,456	4,346,868	1,255,097	1,031,517	13,823,076
fund balances	\$ 5,870,878	\$ 2,551,456	\$ 4,346,868	\$ 3,528,152	\$ 1,031,517	\$ 17,328,871

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Position June 30, 2018

		For Comparative Purposes Only
	2018	2017
Fund balances of governmental funds	\$15,030,388	\$ 13,823,076
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity. Capital assets, net	9,138,944	2,177,014
Deferred outflows related to change in assumptions, change in proportion and contributions made after the actuarial measurement date for the net pension liability.	332,690	283,549
Deferred inflows related to unrecognized actuarial gains and losses for the net pension liability.	(150,636)	(129,133)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position.		
Proportionate share of net pension liability Compensated absences	(674,414) (1,247,235)	(574,641) (1,259,520)
Net position of governmental activities	\$22,429,737	\$ 14,320,345

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	2018					
	Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds					
		Term	Augmentation	Lake Gregory	Other	
	General	Benefit	Reserve	Dam Rehab	Governmental	
	(1378)	(1384)	(1386)	(3604)	Funds	Totals
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,229,640	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,350,458	\$ -	\$10,580,098
Investment earnings	17,076	19,265	32,283	22,301	6,471	97,396
Penalties	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	31,935					31,935
Other	76,597					76,597
Total revenues	3,355,248	19,265	32,283	7,372,759	6,471	10,786,026
Expenditures:						
Current-general government:						
Salaries and Benefits	1,780,451	-	-	-	-	1,780,451
Services and supplies	456,699	-	-	13,333	3,953	473,985
Professional fees	952,495	-	-	68,007	-	1,020,502
Capital outlay	272,328	-	-	7,009,215	83,104	7,364,647
Total expenditures	3,461,973	-	-	7,090,555	87,057	10,639,585
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(106,725)	19,265	32,283	282,204	(80,586)	146,441
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	13,366	-	-	-	-	13,366
Transfers in from County	1,028,527	-	-	-	-	1,028,527
Transfers in/(out) other CSAs	(5,839)	-	-	-	24,817	18,978
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	570,533	570,533
Transfers out	-		(570,533)	-	-	(570,533)
Total other financing sources						
and (uses)	1,036,054		(570,533)		595,350	1,060,871
Net change in fund balances	929,329	19,265	(538,250)	282,204	514,764	1,207,312
Fund balances, beginning of year	4,638,138	2,551,456	4,346,868	1,255,097	1,031,517	13,823,076
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 5,567,467	\$2,570,721	\$ 3,808,618	<u>\$ 1,537,301</u>	\$ 1,546,281	\$15,030,388

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	For Comparative Purposes Only 2017					
	Special Rev	enue Funds	Capital Pro	jects Funds	_	
		Term	Augmentation		Other	
	General	Benefit	Reserve	Warehouse	Governmental	
	(1378)	(1384)	(1386)	(3604)	Funds	Totals
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,372,788	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,079,196	\$ -	\$ 4,451,984
Investment earnings	19,084	12,174	21,002	8,131	1,459	61,850
Penalties	29	-	-	-	-	29
Other	54,097					54,097
Total revenues	3,445,998	12,174	21,002	1,087,327	1,459	4,567,960
Expenditures:						
Current-general government:						
Salaries and Benefits	1,613,808	-	-	-	-	1,613,808
Services and supplies	466,210	-	-	-	-	466,210
Professional fees	1,236,272	-	-	-	-	1,236,272
Capital outlay:						
Improvements to land	1,500,054			1,033,616	23,329	2,556,999
Total expenditures	4,816,344			1,033,616	23,329	5,873,289
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(1,370,346)	12,174	21,002	53,711	(21,870)	(1,305,329)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets	25,450	-	_	-	-	25,450
Transfers in from County	929,219	-	-	-	-	929,219
Transfers in/(out) other CSAs	(111,064)	-	-	-	-	(111,064)
Transfers in	-	-	42,586	200,000	255,000	497,586
Transfers out	(250,000)	-	(205,000)	-	(42,586)	(497,586)
Total other financing sources						
and (uses)	593,605	-	(162,414)	200,000	212,414	843,605
Net change in fund balances	(776,741)	12,174	(141,412)	253,711	190,544	(461,724)
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,414,879	2,539,282	4,488,280	1,001,386	840,973	14,284,800
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,638,138	\$2,551,456	\$ 4,346,868	\$ 1,255,097	\$ 1,031,517	\$13,823,076

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	2018	Comparative poses Only 2017
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,207,312	\$ (461,724)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net assets decreased by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year, net of disposals.		
Capital outlay, net of disposals	7,364,647	481,234
Depreciation expense	(402,717)	(365,429)
Pension obligation expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(72,135)	(29,906)
Changes in compensated absences payable is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the expenditure increases long-term liabilities	10.085	(57, 472)
in the statement of net assets.	12,285	 (57,472)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 8,109,392	\$ (433,297)

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Agency Funds June 30, 2018

		For Comparative Purposes Only
	2018	2017
	Totals	Totals
Assets: Cash and investments Total assets	<u>\$ 371,899</u> 371,899	<u>\$ 112,949</u> 112,949
Liabilities: Due to agent	371,899	112,949
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 371,899</u>	<u>\$ 112,949</u>

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of County Service Area (CSA) No. 70 Countywide conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting entity

The County Service Area (CSA) No. 70 Countywide was established by an act of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino (the County) on December 29, 1969 to provide the centralized mechanism for administration of personnel who serve all board governed special districts. The employees are engaged in multi-district operations funded by the various sanitation, water, road, streetlights, parks and recreation districts. Staff provides centralized and regional management services, administration, engineering, budget and finance, human resources, lien administration, park maintenance, payroll and information services, road maintenance and inspection.

The CSA is a component unit of the County of San Bernardino and is governed by the actions of the County Board of Supervisors.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the County Service Area No. 70 Countywide of the County of San Bernardino and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

Because the CSA meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the CSA's financial statements have also been included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (e.g., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the reporting entity. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Currently, the CSA does not report any proprietary fund types. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The County has established a materiality level for recording year-end accruals. For Special Districts with appropriations of less than \$500,000, individual items of less than \$1,000 are not accrued at year end. For Special Districts with appropriations over \$500,000, individual items of less than \$5,000 are not accrued at year end.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* labeled "General" is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue fund* labeled "Term Benefit" is used to pay out termination benefits, such as sick leave, holiday and vacation balances for employees that terminate.

The *capital projects fund* labeled "Augmentation Reserve" is used to support unforeseen funding needs.

The *capital projects fund* labeled "Lake Gregory Dam Rehab" is used for recording activity related to the rehabilitation of Lake Gregory Dam.

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements including the Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of salaries and benefits, service and supplies, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and investments

Cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Interfund receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property taxes

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1 and become delinquent with penalties on August 31.

Accounts receivable

No allowance for uncollectibles was recorded at June 30, 2018, based on management's expectation that all accounts receivable will be collected through the property tax roll.

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	40-60
Structure and improvements	5-40
Equipment and vehicles	4-15

Fund equity

The CSA implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which the resources can be used:

- *Nonspendable Fund Balance:* Amounts cannot be spent because they are: (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Due to the nature or form of the resources, they generally cannot be expected to be converted into cash or a spendable form.
- *Restricted Fund Balance:* Amounts are restricted by external parties, i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/regulations of other governments or restricted by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund equity (continued)

- *Committed Fund Balance:* Amounts can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Board of Supervisors). The formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, however, the amount may be determined in the subsequent period. These are self-imposed limitations on available resources. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same level of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. These committed amounts would be approved and adopted by formal action of the Board.
- Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The intent will be expressed by the body or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority, i.e. the County Administrative Office. The County Administrative Office will assign fund balance for specific departmental projects through the use of the respective department's general fund savings. Such projects would not normally be feasible for the department without reserving funding over a multiple year period.
- Unassigned Fund Balance: The General Fund, as the principal operating fund, often has net resources in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the four categories already described. Therefore, in order to calculate unassigned fund balance, total fund balance less nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned equals unassigned fund balance. This amount is available for any purpose and will be placed in either the General Purpose Reserve, General Fund Mandatory Contingencies or the General Fund Uncertainties Contingencies until allocated for a specific purpose by the Board, by a four-fifths vote.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. It is the County's policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Employee compensated absences

Accumulated vacation, holiday benefits, sick pay and compensatory time are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits are earned. Compensated absence liabilities are recorded as a current liability. The CSA is not obligated to pay for unused sick leave if an employee terminates or retires.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee compensated absences (continued)

Compensated absences activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Beginning balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending balance	Net Change
1,259,520	696,385	708,670	1,247,235	(12,285)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Stewardship, compliance and accountability

A. Budgetary information

In accordance with provisions of Section 29000 - 29143 of the Government code of the State of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the CSA prepares and adopts a budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the object level and the sub-object level for capital assets within each fund.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments must be approved by the Board. Transfers at the sub-object level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the Special District's Administration Department head. Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow or resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Debt and Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are immediately expensed when incurred in the Government- Wide Financial Statements in addition to the Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Statements in accordance with GASB No. 65. In the Fund Financial Statements, with the exception of advances from other funds, long-term liabilities are not presented. Consequently, long term debt is shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for governmental activities and business-type activities. In the Fund Financial Statements, only propriety fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Position Flow Assumption (continued)

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position are classified in the following categories: *Net Investment in Capital Assets* consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. Restricted Net position is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted Net position is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CSA's plan and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by San Bernardino County Employee's Retirement Association. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2: CASH AND DEPOSITS

Cash and investments includes balances of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the CSA's account based upon the CSA's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and investments are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2018. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment earnings* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment earnings* reports interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. The County's practice is to hold investments until maturity.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40, and fair value hierarchy disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 72. The County of San Bernardino's CAFR may be obtained from their website http://sbcounty.gov/ATC.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

	Beginning Balance Additions				Deletions	Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Development in progress	\$	323,512	\$7,207,823	\$	-	\$ 7,531,335	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		323,512	7,207,823			7,531,335	
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Improvements to land		859,500	-		-	859,500	
Structures and improvements		267,806	-		-	267,806	
Vehicles		5,058,971	156,824		(236,073)	4,979,722	
Equipment		522,581	-		(9,811)	512,770	
Capitalized software		51,876	-		-	51,876	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		6,760,734	156,824		(245,884)	6,671,674	
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Improvements to land		(566,720)	(39,524)		-	(606,244)	
Structures and improvements		(133,328)	(8,816)		-	(142,144)	
Vehicles		(3,839,563)	(317,179)		236,073	(3,920,669)	
Equipment		(340,448)	(26,822)		9,811	(357,459)	
Capitalized software		(27,173)	(10,376)		-	(37,549)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,907,232)	(402,717)		245,884	(5,064,065)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,853,502	(245,893)	_	-	1,607,609	
Total capital assets, net	\$	2,177,014	\$6,961,930	\$	-	<u>\$ 9,138,944</u>	

NOTE 4: LOAN RECEIVABLE

The CSA's County Revolving Fund entered into an agreement with CSA 70 W-4 Pioneer Town under government code 26909 to provide funding for a pipeline project. The County Revolving Fund advanced the amount of \$250,000 to provide funding for the project until Proposition 84 Public Agency Grant reimbursement is received. The loan will be repaid within 3 to 18 months after completion of the project. The amount outstanding at June 30, 2018, is \$250,000.

The CSA's County Revolving Fund entered into an agreement with Big Bear Valley Recreation and Park District (BBVRPD) to assist with construction of the Big Bear Alpine Zoo Relocation Project. Approval for a loan up to \$1.5 million was granted by the Board of Supervisor and Directors on May 24, 2016. The first advance was made June 1, 2018 in the amount of \$150,000. This loan is subject to full repayment within a 10-year period for all cash advanced, plus interest as determined by the County Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector. The amount outstanding at June 30, 2018, is \$150,000.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. Employees of the CSA participate in the County of San Bernardino's (County) cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan (the Plan) administered by the San Bernardino County Employee's Retirement Association (SBCERA). The Plan is governed by the San Bernardino Board of Retirement (Board) under the California County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL) and the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA). The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the CERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors and/or the SBCERA Board. SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement, 348 W. Hospitality Lane, 3rd Floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

Benefits Provided. SBCERA provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits. SBCERA administers the Plan which provides benefits for two membership classifications, General and Safety, and those benefits are tiered based upon date of SBCERA membership. Safety membership is extended to those involved in active law enforcement and fire suppression. All other members, including the CSA's employees, are classified as General members. Generally, those who become members prior to January 1, 2013 are Tier 1 members. All other members are Tier 2. An employee who is appointed to a regular position, whose service is greater than fifty percent of the full standard of hours required are members of SBCERA, and are provided with pension benefits pursuant to Plan requirements.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The CERL and PEPRA establish benefit terms. Retirement benefits for the General Tier 1 and General Tier 2 Plans are calculated on the basis of age, average final compensation and service credit as follows:

	General – Tier 1	General – Tier 2			
Final Average Compensation	Highest 12 months	Highest 36			
		consecutive months			
Normal Retirement Age	Age 55	Age 55			
Farly Detinement: Veers of service	Age 70 any years	Age 70 any years			
Early Retirement: Years of service required and/or eligible for	10 years age 50	5 years age 52			
required and/or engible for	30 years any age	N/A			
	2% per year of final	At age 67, 2.5% per			
Benefit percent per year of service	average	year of final average			
for normal retirement age	compensation for	compensation for			
for normal retirement age	every year of service	every year of service			
	credit	credit			
Benefit Adjustments	Reduced before age	Reduced before age			
	55, increased after 55	67			
	up to age 65				
Final Average Compensation	Internal Revenue	Government Code			
Limitation	Code section	section 7522.10			
	401(a)(17)				

Contributions. Participating employers and active members, including the CSA and the CSA's employees, are required by statute to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the Plan. This requirement is pursuant to Government Code sections 31453.5 and 31454, for participating employers and Government Code sections 31621.6, 31639.25 and 7522.30 for active members. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the SBCERA Board pursuant to Article 1 of the CERL, which is consistent with the Plan's actuarial funding policy. The contribution rates are adopted yearly, based on an annual actuarial valuation, conducted by an independent actuary, that requires actuarial assumptions with regard to mortality, expected future service (including age at entry into the Plan, if applicable and tier), and compensation increases of the members and beneficiaries. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits for employees that are allocated during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Participating employers may pay a portion of the active members' contributions through negotiations and bargaining agreements.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 ranged between 7.90% and 14.87% for Tier 1 General members and was 8.45% for Tier 2 General members.

Employer contribution rates for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 were 22.41% and 19.36% for Tier 1 and Tier 2, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions and Discount Rates

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of actuarial assumptions and discount rates for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense/Benefit, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the CSA reported a liability of \$674,515 which represents 9.28% of the County of San Bernardino Special District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability. The CSA's proportion was allocated based on FY 2018 total salaries and benefits relative to the total salaries and benefits of the County of San Bernardino Special Districts as a whole.

The County of San Bernardino Special District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability was based on its contributions to the pension plan relative to the County's contributions for FY 2017 as a whole. The County's net pension liability was allocated by SBCERA based on the actual employer contributions in each cost group.

The Plan's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 based upon the results of an actuarial valuation as of the same date. Plan fiduciary net position and the total pension liability were valued as of the measurement dates.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the CSA's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Current								
1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase									
(6.25%)			(7.25%)	(8.25%)					
\$	1,183,859	\$	674,415	\$	255,385				

Pension expense recognized amounted to \$72,135 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

At June 30, 2018, the CSA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
of Resources*	of Resources**
\$ 332,690	\$ (150,636)

* Total deferred outflows includes change in assumptions, change in proportion and differences between share of contributions, and contributions after measurement date.

** Total deferred inflows includes differences in expected and actual expense, and net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from the CSA's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date of \$99,978, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,									
2019	\$	10,880							
2020		34,036							
2021		22,256							
2022		(7,766)							
2023		18,946							
Thereafter		3,725							
Total	\$	82,077							

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, environmental liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$3.0 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$50 million is provided through a combination of insurance policies as recommended by Alliant Insurance Services Inc., Insurance Broker through CSAC-EIA (California State Association of Counties – Excess Insurance Authority), as follows: Primary Liability coverage \$25 million excess of \$3 million self-insured retention with QBE Insurance, Munich Reinsurance America, Inc., Markel Corp., Great American Ins., Brit Global Specialty USA, and Lloyd's of London ANNV syndicate. Excess Liability coverage for \$10 million, excess of \$25 million with Brit Global Specialty USA and Great American Ins. Company. Allied World Assurance Co. (AWAC) provides excess liability coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$35 million. In addition, the actuary has recommended that the County maintains a \$24 million reserve to cover SIR exposure for auto and general liability programs. No settlements related to these programs have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The Workers' Compensation program continued under CSAC-EIA Excess Workers' Compensation Program with a policy of \$2 million SIR and statutory limits with Great American Insurance Co., ACE American Insurance Co., and Liberty Insurance Corporation. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured through CSAC-EIA and reinsured with Lexington Insurance Co. and with several insurers/reinsurers like AWAC, Ironshore, Partner RE, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with a \$25 million policy (\$35 million aggregate) with BETA Risk Management Authority, which provides annual coverage on a claims made basis with a SIR of \$1 million for each claim.

Environmental claims are expected to occur infrequently, but have the potential to be expensive when they do occur. The County has experienced only two significant environmental liability claims since it began self-insuring this exposure in 1983. Given that environmental liability is an extremely volatile coverage, which is characterized by low frequency and high severity, the County has taken a conservative stance, as recommended by the actuary, by setting aside a minimum of \$10 million to cover future environmental liability claims.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with Berkley Regional Insurance Co. with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the Risk Management Department's internal service funds ("Funds"), except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The liabilities recorded in these Funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 1.392% and an actuarially-determined 80% confidence level. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their claims liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, at June 30, 2018.

NOTE 7: DUE TO/FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The majority of the amounts due from other governments are for MOUs with Regional Parks and various professional services paid on behalf of other CSAs. Due to other governments consists of payables for reimbursements to various CSAs for project costs.

DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

	General
	Fund
	(1378)
Regional Parks	\$ 743,972
Other CSAs	379,922
	\$ 1,123,894

DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

	General		Lake Gregory		Nonmajor			
	Fund		Dam Rehab		Governmental			
	(1378)		(3604)		Funds		Total	
Other CSAs	\$	209,203	\$	43,814	\$	2,644	\$	255,661

NOTE 8: TRANSFERS IN/OUT

Interfund transfers are transactions used to close out a fund, reimburse an operating fund, and transfer cash between operating funds and capital projects funds. At June 30, 2018, the CSA made the following interfund transfers in and out:

	Transfers In					
	Augmentation Reserve Nonmajor					
	(1386) Funds					
Transfers Out						
Augmentation Reserve (1386)	(570,533)	570,533				
Total	\$ (570,533)	\$ 570,533				

NOTE 9: CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2018 in the opinion of the CSA Administration, there are no outstanding matters, which would have a significant effect on the financial position of the CSA.

NOTE 10: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 18, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are no transactions that will have a significant impact on the CSA.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Funds (General) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
-		General	(1378)						
_	Amounts Final	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues:	Original			(118					
Charges for services	2,816,206	\$ 2,816,206	\$ 3,229,640	\$ 413,434					
Investment earnings	16,000	16,000	17,076	1,076					
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	31,935	31,935					
Other	253,390	253,390	76,597	(176,793)					
Total revenues	3,085,596	3,085,596	3,355,248	269,652					
Expenditures:									
Current-general government:									
Salaries and benefits	2,079,760	2,083,148	1,780,451	302,697					
Services and supplies	(507,024)	(507,024)	456,699	(963,723)					
Professional fees	1,224,900	1,224,900	952,495	272,405					
Capital outlay:									
Improvements to land	3,145,000	3,554,175	156,838	3,397,337					
Vehicles	-	-	115,490	(115,490)					
Debt Service:									
Principal	100,000	890,825		890,825					
Total expenditures	6,042,636	7,246,024	3,461,973	2,893,226					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	(2,957,040)	(4,160,428)	(106,725)	4,053,703					
Other financing sources (uses):									
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	13,366	13,366					
Transfer in from County	-	-	1,028,527	1,028,527					
Transfers in/(out) other CSAs	-	-	(5,839)	(5,839)					
Transfers in	2,475,000	3,678,388	-	(3,678,388)					
Transfers out	(1,609,779)	(1,609,779)		1,609,779					
Total other financing									
sources (uses)	865,221	2,068,609	1,036,054	(2,068,609)					
Net change in fund balance	(2,091,819)	<u>\$ (2,091,819)</u>	929,329	\$ 3,021,148					
Fund balance, beginning			4,638,138						
Fund balance, ending			\$ 5,567,467						

Required Supplementary Information COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Funds (Term Benefit) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
		Term Ber	nefit (1384)							
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive						
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)						
Revenues:										
Investment Earnings	\$ 16,000	\$ 16,000	\$ 19,265	\$ 3,265						
Total revenues	16,000	16,000	19,265	3,265						
Expenditures:										
Salaries and Benefits	-	-	-	-						
Services and supplies										
Total expenditures										
Net change in fund balance	16,000	\$ 16,000	19,265	\$ 3,265						
Fund balance, beginning			2,551,456							
Fund balance, ending			\$ 2,570,721							

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Non-Major Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2018

	Special Re	evenue Funds	Capital Projects			
	General	Revolving				
	Building	Loan	Countywide			
	Reserve	Fund	Improvements			
	<u>(1382)</u>	<u>(1380)</u>	<u>(3600)</u>	<u>Totals</u>		
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ (7)	\$1,328,664	\$ 24,788	\$1,353,445		
Receivables:						
Loan	-	250,000	-	250,000		
Due from other funds						
Total assets	<u>\$ (7</u>)	<u>\$1,578,664</u>	<u>\$ 24,788</u>	<u>\$1,603,445</u>		
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	-	-	\$ 54,520	\$ 54,520		
Due to other governments			\$ 2,644	2,644		
Total liabilities			57,164	57,164		
Fund balances						
	(7)	1 579 661	(22, 276)	1 546 201		
Assigned	(7)	1,578,664	(32,376)	1,546,281		
Total fund balances	(7)	1,578,664	(32,376)	1,546,281		
Total liabilities and						
fund balances	<u>\$ (7</u>)	1,578,664	\$ 24,788	\$1,603,445		

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 70 - COUNTYWIDE Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Special Revo General	enue Funds Revolving	<u> </u>	apital Projects	-	
	Building <u>Reserve</u> (1382)		Loan <u>Fund</u> (1380)		Countywide <u>Improvements</u> (3600)		<u>Totals</u>
Revenues:							
Investment earnings	\$	44	\$ 6,213	\$	214	\$	6,471
Total revenues		44	6,213	_	214	_	6,471
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Services and supplies		-	-		3,954		3,954
Capital Outlay:							
Improvements to land					83,104		83,104
Total expenditures		-		_	87,058	_	87,058
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		44	6,213	_	(86,844)	_	(80,587)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		-	570,533		25,000		595,533
Transfers out		(183)	-		-	_	(183)
Total other financing sources							
and (uses)		(183)	570,533		25,000		595,350
Net change in fund balances		(139)	576,746		(61,844)		514,763
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	132	1,001,918	_	29,468	_	1,031,518
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(7)	<u>\$1,578,664</u>	<u>\$</u>	(32,376)	\$	51,546,281